

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

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## A. IDENTIFICATION AND EMERGENCY INFORMATION

**Product Name:** 70 Smoke Oil  
**Product Code:** 311247 – 01247  
**Product Category:** Petroleum Lubricating Oil Base Stock

**Product Appearance and Odor:** Clear liquid.  
Mild, bland petroleum odor.  
**Medical Emergency Telephone Number:**  
**800-876-7268**

## B. COMPONENTS AND HAZARD INFORMATION

Components	CAS No. of Components	Approximate Concentration
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic or Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7 or 64742-65-0	100%

All components of this product are listed on the U.S. TSCA Inventory  
See Section E for Health and Hazard Information  
See Section H for additional Environmental Information.

### Hazardous Materials Identification System (HMIS)

**Health**   **Flammability**   **Reactivity**  
1                    1                    0

#### Exposure Limit for Total Product

5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> for oil mist (aerosol) for  
an 8-hour workday.

#### Basis

Recommended by Exxon

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OSHA Regulation 29 CFR 1910.1000 and recommended by the  
American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists  
(ACGIH). ACGIH states that the air is to be sampled by a method  
that does not collect vapor; in addition, it lists a 10 mg/ms SIEL.

## C. PRIMARY ROUTES OF ENTRY AND EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

### EYE CONTACT:

Flush with water for 15 minutes or until irritation subsides. If irritation persists, obtain medical assistance.

### SKIN CONTACT:

In case of skin contact, remove any contaminated clothing and wash skin with soap and water. Launder or dry-clean clothing before reuse. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of the injury.

### INHALATION:

Vapor pressure is very low. Vapor inhalation under ambient conditions is normally not a problem. If overcome by vapor from hot product, immediately remove from exposure and call a physician. If breathing is irregular or has stopped, start resuscitation; administer oxygen, if available. If overexposed to oil mist, remove from further exposure until excessive oil mist condition subsides. If ingested, DO NOT induce vomiting; call a physician immediately.

### INGESTION:

If ingested, DO NOT induce vomiting; call a physician immediately.

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**D. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD INFORMATION**

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**FLASH POINT (MINIMUM)**

370 ° F

ASTM D 92, Cleveland Open Cup

**AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE**

Greater than 500° F

**NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION (NFPA) - HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**

Health	Flammability	Reactivity	BASIS
1	1	0	Recommended by Exxon

**HANDLING PRECAUTIONS**

Use product with caution around heat, sparks, pilot lights, static electricity, and open flame.

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**FLAMMABLE OR EXPLOSIVE LIMITS (APPROXIMATE PERCENT BY VOLUME, IN AIR)**

Estimated values: Lower Flammable Limit: 0.9%

Upper Flammable Limit: 7%

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA AND FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES**

Foam, water spray (fog), dry chemical, carbon dioxide and vaporizing liquid type extinguishing agents may all be suitable for extinguishing fires involving this type of product, depending on size of fire and circumstances related to the situation. Plan fire protection and response strategy through consultation with local fire protection authorities or appropriate specialists.

The following procedures for this type of product are based on the recommendations in the National Fire Protection Association's "Fire Protection Guide on Hazardous Materials". Eighth Edition (1984)

Use water spray, dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide to extinguish the fire. Use water to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors and to provide protection for men attempting to stop a leak. Water spray may be used to flush spills away from exposures. Minimize breathing of gases, vapor, fumes or decomposition products. Use supplied-air breathing equipment for enclosed or confined spaces or as other wise needed.

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**DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS UNDER FIRE CONDITIONS**

Fumes, smoke, carbon monoxide, aldehydes and other decomposition products, in the case of incomplete combustion.

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**"EMPTY" CONTAINER WARNING**

"Empty" containers retain residue (liquid and/or vapor) and can be dangerous...**DO NOT PRESSURIZE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION: THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.** Do not attempt to clean since residue is difficult to remove. "Empty" drums should be completely drained, properly bunged and promptly returned to a drum reconditioner. All other containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulation. For work on tanks, refer to Occupational Safety and Health Administration regulations. ANSI Z49. 1. and other governmental and industrial references pertaining to cleaning, repairing, welding, or other contemplated operations.

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**HEALTH AND HAZARD INFORMATION**


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**VARIABILITY AMONG INDIVIDUALS**

Health studies have shown that many petroleum hydrocarbons and synthetic lubricants pose potential human health risks which may vary from person to person. As a precaution, exposure to liquids, vapors, mists or fumes should be Minimized.

**EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE (Signs and symptoms of exposure)**

Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause skin irritation.

**NATURE OF HAZARD AND TOXICITY INFORMATION**

In accordance with the current OSHA Hazard Communication Standard criteria, this product does not require a cancer hazard warning. This is because the product is formulated from base stocks which are severely hydrotreated, severely solvent extracted, and/or processed by mild hydrotreatment and extraction. Alternatively, it may consist of components not otherwise affected by IARC criteria, such as atmospheric distillates or synthetically derived materials, and as such is not characterized by current IARC classification criteria.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact with this product tends to remove skin oils, possibly leading to irritation and dermatitis; however, based on human experience and available toxicological data, this product is judged to be neither neither a "corrosive" nor an "irritant" by OSHA criteria.

Product contacting the eyes may cause eye irritation.

Product has a low order of acute oral and dermal toxicity, but minute amounts aspirated into the lungs during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury and possibly death.

This product is judged to have an acute oral LD50 (rat) greater than 5 g/kg of body weight and an acute dermal LD50 (rabbit) greater than 3/16 g/kg of body weight.

**PRE-EXISTING MEDICAL CONDITIONS WHICH MAY BE AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE**

None Recognized

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**F. PHYSICAL DATA**


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The following data are approximate or typical values and should not be used for precise design purposes.

**BOILING RANGE**

IBP Approximately 316° C (600° F)  
By ASTM D 2887

**VAPOR PRESSURE**

Less than 0.01 mm Hg @ 20° C

**SPECIFIC GRAVITY (15.6 C / 15.6C)**

0.88

**VAPOR DENSITY (AIR = 1)**

Greater than 5

**MOLECULAR WEIGHT**

Not determined

**PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME**

Negligible from open container  
In 4 hours @ 38° C (100° F)

**VISCOSITY**

70 SSU @ 100° F

**EVAPORATION RATE @ 1 ATM. AND 25 C (77 F)**

(n-BUTYL ACETATE = 1)  
Less than 0.01

**pH**

Essentially neutral

**POUR, CONGEALING OR MELTING POINT**

-9° C (15° F)  
Pour Point by ASTM D 97

**SOLUBILITY IN WATER @ 1 ATM. AND 25 C (77F)**

Negligible; less than 0.1%

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**G. REACTIVITY**

This product is stable and will not react violently with water. Hazardous polymerization will not occur. Avoid contact With strong oxides such as liquid chlorine, concentrated oxygen, sodium hypochlorite, calcium hypochlorite, etc.

**H. ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION**

**STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MEATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED**

Recover free product. Add sand, earth, or other suitable absorbent to spill area. Minimize skin contact. Keep product out of sewers and watercourses by diking or impounding. Advise authorities if product has entered or may enter sewers, watercourses, or extensive land areas. Assure conformity with applicable governmental regulations.

**THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION MAY BE USEFUL IN COMPLYING WITH VARIOUS STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS UNDER VARIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL STATUTES:**

**REPORTABLE QUANTITY (RQ), EPA REGULATION 40 CFR 302 (CERCLA Section 102)**

No RQ for product or any constituent greater than 1% or 0.1% (carcinogen)

**THRESHOLD PLANNING QUANTITY (TPQ), EPA REGULATION 40 CFR 355 (SARA Sections 301-304)**

No IPQ for product or any constituent greater than 1% or 0.1% (carcinogen)

**TOXIC CHEMICAL RELEASE REPORTING, EPA REGULATION 40 CFR 372 (SARA Section 313)**

No toxic chemical is present greater that 1% or 0.1% (carcinogen)

**HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL REPORTING, EPA REGULATION 40 CFR 370 (SARA Sections 311-3120)**

	Acute	Chronic	Fire	Pressure	Reactive	
EPA HAZARD CLASSIFICATION CODE	Hazard	Hazard	Hazard	Hazard	Hazard	Not Applicable
						Xxx

**I. PROTECTION AND PRECAUTIONS**

**VENTILATION:** Use local exhaust to capture vapor, mists or fumes, if necessary. Provide ventilation sufficient to prevent exceeding recommended exposure limit or buildup of explosive concentrations of vapor in air. No smoking, flame or other ignition sources. **RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:** Use supplied-air respiratory protection in confined or enclosed spaces, if needed. **PROTECTIVE GLOVES:** Use chemical-resistant gloves, if needed, to avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact. **EYE PROTECTION:** Use splash goggles or face shield when eye contact may occur. **OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:** Use chemical-resistant apron or other impervious clothing, if needed, to avoid contaminating regular clothing, which could result in prolonged of repeated skin contact.

**WORK PRACTICES / ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not store near heat, sparks, flame or strong oxidants. In order to prevent fire or explosion hazards use appropriate equipment.

Information on electrical equipment appropriate for use with this product may be found in the latest edition of the National Electrical Code (NFPA-70). This document is available from the National Fire Protection Association, Batterymarch Park, Quincy, Massachusetts 02269.

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**PERSONAL HYGIENE**

Minimize breathing vapor, mist or fumes. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Remove contaminated clothing; launder or dry-clean before reuse. Remove contaminated shoes and thoroughly clean before reuse; discard if oil-soaked. Cleanse skin thoroughly after contact, before breaks and meals and at the end of the work period. Product is readily removed from skin by waterless hand cleaners followed by washing thoroughly with soap and water.

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**J. TRANSPORTATION AND OSHA RELATED LABEL INFORMATION**

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**TRANSPORTATION INCIDENT INFORMATION**

For further information relative to spills resulting from transportation incidents, refer to latest Department of Transportation Emergency Response Guidebook for Hazardous Materials Incidents. **DOT P 5800.3**

**DOT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER**

Not applicable.

**OSHA REQUIRED LABEL INFORMATION**

In compliance with hazard and right-to-know requirements, the following OSHA Hazard Warnings should be found on a label, bill of lading, or invoice accompanying this shipment.

(OSHA Hazard Warnings not applicable for this product; therefore, no OSHA warnings would appear on the label).

NOTE: Product label will contain additional non-OSHA related information.

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The information and recommendations contained herein are, to the best of Scot Lubricants of PA, Inc.'s knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date issued. Scot Lubricants of PA, Inc. does not warrant or guarantee their accuracy or reliability, and Scot Lubricants of PA, Inc shall not be liable for any loss or damage arising out of the use thereof.

The information and recommendations are offered for the user's consideration and examination and it is the user's responsibility to satisfy itself that they are suitable and complete for its particular user. If buyer repackages this product, legal counsel should be consulted to insure proper health, safety and other necessary information is included on the container.

The Environmental Information included under Section H hereof as well as the Hazardous Materials Identification System (HMIS) and National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) ratings have been included in order to provide additional health and hazard classification information. The ratings recommended are based upon the criteria supplied by the developers of these rating systems

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**Revision: 04/30/2007**